

OPTIONSXPRESS, INC.

(SEC. I.D. NO. 8-52354)

Statement of Financial Condition

(Unaudited)

June 30, 2015

OPTIONSPRESS, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

JUNE 30, 2015 (In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,179
Cash and other assets segregated and on deposit for regulatory purposes		865,817
Receivables from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations		52,723
Receivables from brokerage clients — net		239,238
Equipment and office facilities — net		2,374
Goodwill		62,824
Other assets		<u>4,873</u>
Total assets	\$	<u>1,257,028</u>

Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity

Payables to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations	\$	19,200
Payables to brokerage clients		1,001,437
Deferred income taxes payable		1,714
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		11,424
Payables to affiliates		<u>20,964</u>
Total liabilities		1,054,739
Stockholder's equity:		
Common stock — 25,000,000 shares authorized \$0.01 par value per share; 1,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$	-
Additional paid-in capital		141,430
Retained earnings		<u>60,859</u>
Total stockholder's equity		<u>202,289</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	<u>1,257,028</u>

See notes to statement of financial condition.

OPTIONSPRESS, INC.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

(In thousands, except option price amounts or as noted)

1. Organization and Nature of Business

optionsXpress, Inc. (the Company) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of optionsXpress Holdings, Inc. (the Parent), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Charles Schwab Corporation (CSC). The Company provides internet-based option, stock, mutual fund, fixed income, and futures brokerage services to retail clients located throughout the United States (U.S.) and certain foreign countries.

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), the National Securities Clearing Corporation and the Depository Trust Company (together, the “Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation” or DTCC), and the Options Clearing Corporation (OCC). In addition, the Company is registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) and is a member of the National Futures Association (NFA).

The Company provides clearing and execution services for its clients and the clients of its affiliates, optionsXpress Australia, Pty Limited, and optionsXpress Singapore Pte. Ltd. As the clearing broker, the Company maintains custody and control over the assets in those client accounts and provides back office functions, including: maintaining client accounts; extending credit in margin accounts; settling stock and bond transactions with the DTCC and option transactions with the OCC; settling trading revenue and clearing fees; preparing client trade confirmations and statements; performing designated cashier functions, including the delivery and receipt of funds and securities to or from the client; possession or control of client securities, safeguarding client funds and transmitting tax accounting information to the client and to the applicable tax authorities; and forwarding prospectuses, proxies, and other shareholder information to clients. The Company clears all of its futures accounts transactions as a non-clearing futures commission merchant through an omnibus account arrangement with a clearing futures commission merchant (clearing FCM).

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation

The accompanying statement of financial condition has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S., which require management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the accompanying financial statement. Certain estimates relate to valuation of goodwill, allowance for doubtful accounts, and legal and regulatory reserves. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are not segregated and on deposit for regulatory purposes to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include deposits with banks and commercial paper.

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Cash and other assets segregated and on deposit for regulatory purposes

Cash and other assets segregated and on deposit for regulatory purposes include interest-bearing cash deposits from clients' security accounts held in a special reserve bank account according to Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and interest-bearing cash deposits, including open trade equity and cash deposits with a clearing FCM, that have been segregated or secured for the benefit of futures clients according to the regulations of the CFTC governing a futures commission merchant.

Securities borrowed and securities loaned

Securities borrowed require the Company to deliver cash to the lender in exchange for securities and are included in receivables from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations. For securities loaned, the Company receives collateral in the form of cash in an amount equal to or greater than the market value of securities loaned. Securities loaned are included in payables to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations. The Company monitors the market value of securities borrowed and loaned, with additional collateral obtained or refunded to ensure full collateralization. All of the Company's securities lending transactions are subject to enforceable master netting arrangements with other broker-dealers. However, the Company does not net securities lending transactions and therefore, the Company's securities loaned and securities borrowed are presented gross in the statement of financial condition.

Client transactions

Clients' securities transactions, excluding futures activity, are recorded on a settlement-date basis. Futures transactions are recorded on a trade-date basis. Securities owned by clients, including those that collateralize margin or similar transactions, are not reflected in the statement of financial condition.

Receivables from brokerage clients

Receivables from brokerage clients include margin loans to clients and are recorded net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Receivables from brokerage clients that remain unsecured or partially secured for an extended period of time are fully reserved.

Equipment and office facilities

Equipment and office facilities are recorded at cost net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Equipment and office facilities are depreciated on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of five to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the term of the lease. Software and certain costs incurred for purchasing or developing software for internal use are amortized on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of three or five years. Equipment and office facilities are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable.

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Goodwill

Goodwill represents the fair value of acquired businesses in excess of the fair value of the individually identified net assets acquired. Goodwill is not amortized but is tested for impairment annually or whenever indications of impairment exist. The Company's annual goodwill impairment testing date is April 1st. The Company can elect to qualitatively assess goodwill for impairment if it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value. A qualitative assessment may consider macroeconomic and other industry-specific factors, such as trends in short-term and long-term interest rates and the ability to access capital, or Company specific factors such as market capitalization in excess of net assets, trends in revenue generating activities, and merger or acquisition activity.

If the Company elects to bypass qualitatively assessing goodwill, or it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, management estimates the fair values of each of the Company's reporting units (defined as the Company's business for which financial information is available and reviewed regularly by management) and compares it to their carrying values. The estimated fair values of the reporting units are established using an income approach based on a discounted cash flow model that includes significant assumptions about the future operating results and cash flows of each reporting unit, a market approach which compares each reporting unit to comparable companies in their respective industries, and a market capitalization analysis.

Income taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal income tax return of CSC. The Company provides for income taxes on all transactions that have been recognized in the financial statement on a pro rata basis with CSC's other subsidiaries in the consolidated income tax return. Accordingly, deferred tax assets are adjusted to reflect the tax rates at which future taxable amounts will likely be settled or realized. The effects of tax rate changes on future deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, as well as other changes in income tax laws, are recorded in earnings in the period during which such changes are enacted. The Company's unrecognized tax benefits, which are included in accrued expenses and other liabilities, represent the difference between positions taken on tax return filings and estimated potential tax settlement outcomes. Interest and penalties relating to unrecognized tax benefits are recorded in income tax expense.

Fair values of assets and liabilities

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or the price paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurement accounting guidance describes the fair value hierarchy for disclosing assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on the inputs used to value them. The fair value hierarchy maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are based on market pricing data obtained from sources independent of the Company. A quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and is generally used to measure fair value whenever available. Unobservable inputs reflect management's judgment about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Where inputs

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used to measure fair value of an asset or liability are from different levels of the hierarchy, the asset or liability is categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Assessing the significance of a particular input requires judgment. The fair value hierarchy includes three levels based on the objectivity of the inputs as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets as of the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as interest rates, benchmark yields, issuer spreads, new issue data, and collateral performance.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability.

New Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued new guidance on revenue recognition, which will become effective January 1, 2018. The guidance clarifies that revenue from contracts with customers should be recognized in a manner that depicts the timing of the transfer of goods or performance of services at an amount that reflects the expected consideration. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance on its financial position.

In February 2015, the FASB issued new guidance that amends the analysis a reporting entity must perform to determine whether it should consolidate certain types of legal entities. The new guidance will become effective January 1, 2016, and is applicable to all entities but provides an exception for reporting entities with interests in legal entities that are required to comply with or operate in accordance with requirements that are similar to those in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for registered money market funds. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance on its financial position.

In April 2015, the FASB issued new guidance that clarifies customer's accounting for fees paid in a cloud computing arrangement. Under the new guidance, if a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, the customer shall account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If the cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer shall account for the arrangement as a service contract. The guidance will become effective January 1, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance on its financial position.

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3. Receivables from Brokers, Dealers, and Clearing Organizations

Amounts receivable from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Deposits with clearing organizations	\$ 42,796
Deposits for securities borrowed	7,770
Other receivables from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations	<u>2,157</u>
Total receivables from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations	<u>\$ 52,723</u>

4. Receivables from Brokerage Clients

Receivables from brokerage clients consist primarily of margin loans to brokerage clients of \$238,778. Securities owned by brokerage clients are held as collateral for margin loans. Such collateral is not reflected in the statement of financial condition.

5. Equipment and Office Facilities

Equipment and office facilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Furniture and equipment	\$ 19,016
Computer software	19,015
Leasehold improvements	<u>4,113</u>
	42,144
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(39,770)</u>
Total equipment and office facilities — net	<u>\$ 2,374</u>

6. Payables to Brokers, Dealers, and Clearing Organizations

Payables to brokers, dealers and clearing organizations at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

Deposits for securities loaned	\$ 18,608
Payable for securities failed to receive	<u>592</u>
Total payables to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations	<u>\$ 19,200</u>

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7. Payables to Brokerage Clients

The principal source of funding for the Company's margin lending is cash balances in brokerage client accounts, which are included in payables to brokerage clients. Cash balances in interest-bearing brokerage client accounts were \$888,105 at June 30, 2015.

8. Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other liabilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Accrued expenses	\$ 7,523
Accrued compensation	3,150
Other	<u>751</u>
Total accrued expenses and other liabilities	<u>\$ 11,424</u>

9. Taxes on Income

The Company's tax liability excludes the excess tax benefits from the exercise of stock options and the vesting of restricted stock awards. The excess tax benefits, which otherwise would, for accounting purposes, provide a reduction of income taxes payable, are remitted to CSC through the payables to affiliates pursuant to the provisions of the Company's tax sharing arrangement.

Deferred tax assets:

Employee compensation, severance, and benefits	\$ 1,580
Reserves and allowances	2,052
State and local taxes	<u>309</u>
Total deferred tax assets	<u>3,941</u>

Deferred tax liabilities:

Depreciation and amortization	(5,195)
Capitalized internal-use software development costs	(126)
Other	<u>(334)</u>
Total deferred tax liabilities	<u>(5,655)</u>

Deferred tax liability — net	<u>\$ (1,714)</u>
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The federal tax returns for 2011 through 2014 remain open to Federal tax examinations. The years open to examination by state and local governments vary by jurisdiction.

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10. Fair Values of Assets and Liabilities

Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value

The Company uses the market and income approaches to determine the fair value of assets and liabilities. When available, the Company uses quoted prices in active markets to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities. When utilizing market data and bid-ask spread, the Company uses the price within the bid-ask spread that best represents fair value. When quoted prices do not exist, the Company uses prices obtained from independent third-party pricing services to measure the fair value of investment assets. The Company's primary independent pricing service provides prices based on observable trades and discounted cash flows that incorporate observable information such as yields for similar types of securities (a benchmark interest rate plus observable spreads) and weighted-average maturity for the same or similar "to be issued" securities. The Company does not adjust the prices received from independent third-party pricing services unless such prices are inconsistent with the definition of fair value and result in a material difference in the recorded amounts.

Financial instruments not recorded at fair value

Descriptions of the valuation methodologies and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments not recorded at fair value are described below. The Company's financial instruments not recorded at fair value but for which fair value can be approximated and disclosed include:

- *Cash and cash equivalents* are short-term in nature and accordingly are recorded at amounts that approximate fair value.
- *Cash and other assets segregated and on deposit for regulatory purposes* are short-term in nature and accordingly are recorded at amounts that approximate fair value.
- *Receivables from/payables to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations* are recorded at contractual amounts and historically have been settled at those values and are short-term in nature, and therefore approximate fair value.
- *Receivables from/payables to brokerage clients — net* are recorded at contractual amounts and historically have been settled at those values and are short-term in nature, and therefore, approximate fair value.

For a description of the fair value hierarchy and the Company's fair value methodologies, including the use of independent third-party pricing services, see note "2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies". The Company did not transfer any assets or liabilities between Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 during the first half of 2015. In addition, the Company did not adjust prices received from the primary independent third-party pricing service at June 30, 2015.

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Financial Instruments Recorded at Fair Value

The Company's assets recorded at fair value include commercial paper, which is included in cash and cash equivalents and was classified as Level 2 in the amount of \$24,980 at June 30, 2015. The Company did not have any assets utilizing Level 1 or Level 3 inputs as of June 30, 2015. The Company did not have any liabilities recorded at fair value as of June 30, 2015.

Financial Instruments Not Recorded at Fair Value

There were no significant changes in these methodologies or assumptions during the first half of 2015. The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments not recorded at fair value at June 30, 2015:

	Carrying Amount	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at Fair Value
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,199	\$ -	\$ 4,199	\$ -	\$ 4,199
Cash and other assets segregated and on deposit for regulatory purposes	865,817	-	865,817	-	865,817
Receivables from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations	52,723	-	52,723	-	52,723
Receivables from brokerage clients — net	239,238	-	239,238	-	239,238
Other assets	736	-	736	-	736
Total	\$1,162,713	\$ -	\$1,162,713	\$ -	\$1,162,713
Liabilities:					
Payables to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations	\$ 19,200	\$ -	\$ 19,200	\$ -	\$ 19,200
Payables to brokerage clients	1,001,437	-	1,001,437	-	1,001,437
Total	\$1,020,637	\$ -	\$1,020,637	\$ -	\$1,020,637

11. Commitments, Contingent Liabilities, and Off-Balance Sheet Risk

Commitments — The Company enters into agreements to purchase telecommunications and data services from various service providers. These agreements expire on various dates through September 2016. The fixed and determinable portions of these obligations are \$624 for the year ending December 31, 2015, and \$333 for the year ending December 31, 2016.

General Contingencies — The Company extends margin credit and leverage to its clients, which are subject to various regulatory and clearing firm margin requirements. Margin credit balances are collateralized by cash and securities in the clients' accounts. The contractual value of margin loans to clients was \$238,778 at June 30, 2015. Leverage involves securing a large potential future obligation with a lesser amount of cash or securities. The risks associated with margin credit and

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leverage increase during periods of fast market movements or in cases where leverage or collateral is concentrated and market movements occur. During such times, clients who utilize margin credit or leverage and who have collateralized their obligations with securities may find that the securities have a rapidly depreciating value and may not be sufficient to cover their obligations in the event of liquidation. The Company is exposed to credit risk when its clients execute transactions, such as short sales of options and equities or futures transactions that can expose them to risk beyond their invested capital. In addition, the Company may be obligated for margin extended to the Company's clients by its third-party clearing agent on futures positions.

The margin and leverage requirements that the Company imposes on its client accounts meet or exceed those required by various regulatory requirements and Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve. The amount of this risk is not quantifiable since the risk is dependent upon analysis of a potential significant and undeterminable rise or fall in stock prices.

As a result, the Company is exposed to significant off-balance sheet credit risk in the event client collateral is not sufficient to fully cover losses that clients may incur. In the event clients fail to satisfy their obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices to fulfill the clients' obligations. The Company believes that it is unlikely that it will have to make any material payments under these arrangements, and no liabilities related to these guarantees and indemnifications have been recognized in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

The Company borrows securities temporarily from other broker-dealers in connection with its broker-dealer business. The Company deposits cash as collateral for the securities borrowed. Decreases in securities prices may cause the market value of the securities borrowed to fall below the amount of cash deposited as collateral. In the event the counterparty to these transactions does not return the cash deposited, the Company may be exposed to the risk of selling the securities at prevailing market prices. The Company seeks to manage this risk by requiring credit approvals for counterparties, by monitoring the securities values on a daily basis, and by requiring additional collateral as needed.

At June 30, 2015, customer margin securities of \$327,444 and stock borrowings of approximately \$7,076 were available to the Company to utilize as collateral on various borrowings or for other purposes. At June 30, 2015, the Company had utilized a portion of these available securities as collateral for OCC margin requirements of \$190,418, customer short sales of \$26,942, and securities lending transactions of \$16,881. To partially satisfy the margin requirement of client option transactions with the OCC, the Company has an unsecured standby letter of credit agreement (LOC) with one bank in favor of the OCC in the amount of \$15,000. There were no funds drawn under this LOC at June 30, 2015.

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The following table presents information about Company's securities lending activity to enable the users of the Company's financial statements to evaluate the potential effect of right of setoff between these recognized assets and recognized liabilities at June 30, 2015.

	Gross Assets / Liabilities	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition	Net Amounts Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition		Net Amount
				Counterparty Offsetting	Collateral	
Assets:						
Securities borrowed ⁽¹⁾	\$ 7,770	\$ -	\$ 7,770	\$ (5,244)	\$ (2,494)	\$ 32
Total	\$ 7,770	\$ -	\$ 7,770	\$ (5,244)	\$ (2,494)	\$ 32
Liabilities:						
Securities loaned ^(2,3)	\$ 18,608	\$ -	\$ 18,608	\$ (5,244)	\$ (11,971)	\$ 1,393
Total	\$ 18,608	\$ -	\$ 18,608	\$ (5,244)	\$ (11,971)	\$ 1,393

⁽¹⁾ Included in receivables from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations in the statement of financial condition.

⁽²⁾ Included in payables to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations in the statement of financial condition.

⁽³⁾ Securities loaned are primarily comprised of equity securities with overnight and continuous remaining contractual maturities.

Legal Contingencies — The Company is subject to claims and lawsuits in the ordinary course of business, including arbitrations, class actions and other litigation, some of which include claims for substantial or unspecified damages. The Company is also the subject of inquiries, investigations, and proceedings by regulatory and other governmental agencies.

The Company believes it has strong defenses in all significant matters currently pending and is contesting liability and any damages claimed. Nevertheless, some of these matters may result in adverse judgments or awards, including penalties, injunctions or other relief, and the Company may also determine to settle a matter because of the uncertainty and risks of litigation. Described below are certain matters in which there is a reasonable possibility that a material loss could be incurred. Unless otherwise noted, the Company is unable to provide a reasonable estimate of any potential liability given the stage of proceedings in the matter.

With respect to all other pending matters, based on current information and consultation with counsel, it does not appear reasonably possible that the outcome of any such matter would be material to the financial condition of the Company.

Customer litigation: The Company has been responding to an arbitration claim concerning accounts opened by a customer who was independently holding himself out as an investment advisor to an investment pool. The complaint alleges that the Company breached certain duties in opening, administering and supervising the accounts, and seeks to hold the Company responsible for more than \$15 million in trading losses incurred by the customer in the accounts. A hearing on the merits in the case commenced December 2014, continued in April 2015, and is scheduled to resume in January 2016.

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Regulatory Matters: On April 16, 2012, the Company was charged by the SEC in an administrative proceeding alleging violations of the firm's close-out obligations under Regulation SHO (short sale delivery rules) in connection with certain customer trading activity. Following trial, in a decision issued June 7, 2013, the judge held that the Company had violated Regulation SHO and aided and abetted fraudulent trading activity by its customer, and ordered the firm and the customer to pay disgorgement and penalties in an amount which would not be material. The Company continues to dispute the allegations and is appealing the decision.

Guarantees — The Company clears its clients' futures transactions on an omnibus basis through a futures commission merchant. The Company has agreed to indemnify its third-party clearing broker and its clearing futures commission merchants for losses that they may sustain for the client accounts introduced to them by the Company. The Company provides guarantees to its clearing organizations and exchanges under their standard membership agreements, which require members to guarantee the performance of other members. Under the agreements, if another member becomes unable to satisfy its obligations to the clearing organization or exchange, other members would be required to meet shortfalls. The Company's liability under these arrangements is not quantifiable and may exceed the cash and securities it has posted as collateral. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely that it will have to make any material payments under these arrangements, and no liabilities related to these guarantees have been recognized in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

12. Regulatory Requirements

The Company is subject to Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (The Uniform Net Capital Rule). The Company computes net capital under the alternative method permitted by the Uniform Net Capital Rule. This method requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, as defined, of the greater of 2% of aggregate debit balances arising from client transactions or a minimum dollar requirement of \$250, which is based on the type of business conducted by the Company. Under the alternative method, the Company may not repay subordinated borrowings, pay cash dividends, or make any unsecured advances or loans to its parent company or employees if such payment would result in a net capital amount of less than 5% of aggregate debit balances or less than 120% of its minimum dollar requirement.

The Company is also subject to the CFTC Regulation 1.17 (Reg. 1.17) under the Commodity Exchange Act, administered by the CFTC and the NFA, which also requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. The Company, as a futures commission merchant, is required to maintain minimum net capital equal to the greater of its net capital requirement under Reg. 1.17 (\$1,000), or the sum of 8% of the total risk margin requirements for all positions carried in client accounts and 8% of the total risk margin requirements for all positions carried in non-client accounts, as defined in Reg. 1.17. At June 30, 2015, 8% of the total risk margin requirements for all positions carried in client and non-client accounts was \$4,236, which exceeded the minimum dollar requirement for the Company of \$1,000.

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At June 30, 2015, the Company's net capital was \$130,520 (31% of aggregate debit balances), which was \$122,205 in excess of its minimum required net capital and \$109,732 in excess of 5% of aggregate debit balances.

The Company is also subject to Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which requires the Company to maintain cash or qualified securities in a segregated reserve account for the exclusive benefit of clients. In addition, additional amounts are segregated in accordance with the regulations of the CFTC governing futures commission merchants. In accordance with Rule 15c3-3, the Company had \$744,966 of its cash segregated for the exclusive benefit of clients at June 30, 2015. In addition, the Company had \$1,000 segregated relating to its proprietary accounts of broker dealers (PAB), \$113,511 segregated relating to client's domestic commodity futures positions, and \$3,638 segregated relating to clients' foreign commodity futures positions pursuant to CFTC Regulation 30.7 as of June 30, 2015. On July 2, 2015, the Company withdrew a net amount of \$5,155 from its segregated reserve bank accounts.

The Company intends to pay dividends during 2015 to its Parent subject to regulatory requirements and approvals.

Certain broker-dealers have chosen to maintain proprietary securities accounts at the Company. The Company computes a separate reserve requirement for PAB and had a portion of its cash and investments segregated to meet this reserve requirement at June 30, 2015.

13. Related-Party Transactions

The Company provides securities and futures clearing services on a fully disclosed basis to its affiliate broker-dealers, optionsXpress Australia, Pty Limited, and optionsXpress Singapore Pte. Ltd.

The Company pays rent for office facilities that are leased by the Parent.

The Company borrows securities from Charles Schwab & Co., Inc., a subsidiary of CSC. At June 30, 2015, securities borrowed from Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. totaled \$1,989 and are included in receivables from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations.

The Company enables clients to sweep excess cash held in brokerage accounts into deposit accounts at Charles Schwab Bank, a subsidiary of CSC. At June 30, 2015, these sweep deposit balances totaled \$1,295,661.

The Company has an unsecured credit facility with CSC of \$200,000, which is scheduled to expire in December 2016. Borrowings under this facility do not qualify as regulatory capital for the Company and are included in payables to affiliates. Borrowings outstanding under this facility at June 30, 2015 were \$20,000.

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14. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated the impact of events that have occurred subsequent to June 30, 2015, through the date the statement of financial condition was issued. Based on this evaluation, other than as recorded or disclosed within this statement of financial condition and related notes, the Company has determined none of these events were required to be recognized or disclosed.

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FOR MORE INFORMATION

The annual report as of December 31, 2014, prepared pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, has been filed with the Chicago regional office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is available for examination and copying at our headquarters: 150 South Wacker, 12th Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

The Charles Schwab Corporation

For more information about the ultimate parent company of optionsXpress, Inc., write to The Charles Schwab Corporation, Investor Relations, 211 Main Street, San Francisco, California 94105; call 1-415-667-1959; email investor.relations@schwab.com; or visit our website at www.aboutschwab.com.

optionsXpress, Inc. (Member [SIPC](#)) and Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. (Member [SIPC](#)) are separate but affiliated companies and subsidiaries of The Charles Schwab Corporation.

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REG67205-07 (08/15)